# Key Considerations for Implementing Comprehensive Event Security

#### • Event Security Importance:

- Implementing comprehensive security measures is essential to ensure the safety and security of event attendees, performers, staff, and the venue.
- Event organisers need to consider factors such as the number of security guards, the qualifications of security personnel, and the development of a comprehensive security plan.

#### • Event Security Questions:

• Key event security questions include determining the number of security guards required per person or per square foot/meter, compliance with licensing laws, the preparation of a comprehensive security plan, training for event security guards, and considerations when alcohol is available at an event.

#### • Evacuation Procedures:

- Effective emergency evacuation procedures are crucial for event security planning to ensure the safe and efficient evacuation of attendees, performers, and staff during emergencies or potential dangers.
- Pre-event planning, coordination during the event, and post-event evaluation are essential aspects of producing a successful evacuation plan for public events.

## • Meeting European Event Licensing Laws:

- The EU provides guidelines for event security including threat assessments, emergency planning, security personnel requirements, physical security measures, and information sharing.
- Individual EU member states and regional authorities may have specific regulations and requirements for event security, necessitating collaboration with local authorities, security services, and stakeholders.

## • Determining Security Guard Numbers:

- The number of security guards required depends on factors such as the size and type of event, location, expected number of attendees, and the presence of alcohol.
- General rules of thumb suggest having one security guard for every 10-15 square meters of event space and one security guard for every 100 attendees, with variations based on specific circumstances.

#### • Security Measures for Alcohol Consumption:

- Events with alcohol may require more security personnel to manage potential disruptive behaviour.
- Sobriety checks, ID checks, and designated drinking areas are recommended to mitigate security and safety issues related to alcohol consumption.

## • CBRN Terrorism Threats:

- There is a general increase in terrorist propaganda on using CBRN threats, highlighting the need for evacuation preparation as a critical aspect of event security.
- Understanding and addressing CBRN terrorism threats in Europe is crucial for comprehensive event security planning.

## • Event Security Considerations:

- Event organisers need to consider worst-case scenarios such as fire, natural disasters, bomb threats, medical emergencies, power failures, civil unrest, terrorism, and severe weather conditions in their threat assessment.
- Effective planning for worst-case scenarios is crucial for ensuring event security and success.

#### • Event Security Plan:

- Develop a comprehensive security plan covering crowd management, access control, and emergency response.
- Consult with local law enforcement agencies, emergency services, and security experts to develop the plan.

## • Rapid Response Plan:

- Implement a rapid response plan to address incidents from alcohol consumption, including medical emergencies and disruptive behavior.
- Provide training for security personnel on handling incidents related to alcohol consumption.

## • Alcohol Management:

- Establish designated drinking areas to monitor alcohol consumption and prevent over-intoxication.
- Develop and communicate an alcohol management policy to outline expectations for responsible alcohol consumption.

## • Training of Security Personnel:

- Provide security guards with training in crowd management and first aid.
- Ensure security personnel are properly equipped with necessary communication devices.

#### • Effective Crowd Management:

- Conduct a thorough risk assessment to identify potential crowd-related incidents.
- Develop a crowd management plan, assign designated personnel, and ensure clear communication channels.

#### • Sectioning and Communication:

- Divide event space into manageable sections and assign personnel to manage each section.
- Establish clear communication channels between staff, security personnel, and attendees.
- Use of Technology:
  - Utilise surveillance technology for monitoring events and detecting potential threats.
  - Implement advanced ticketing systems and reliable communication equipment for effective coordination.
- Physical Security Measures:
  - Use physical barriers to define event boundaries and control the flow of people.
  - Provide site-specific training and regularly conduct emergency drills for event staff and security personnel.